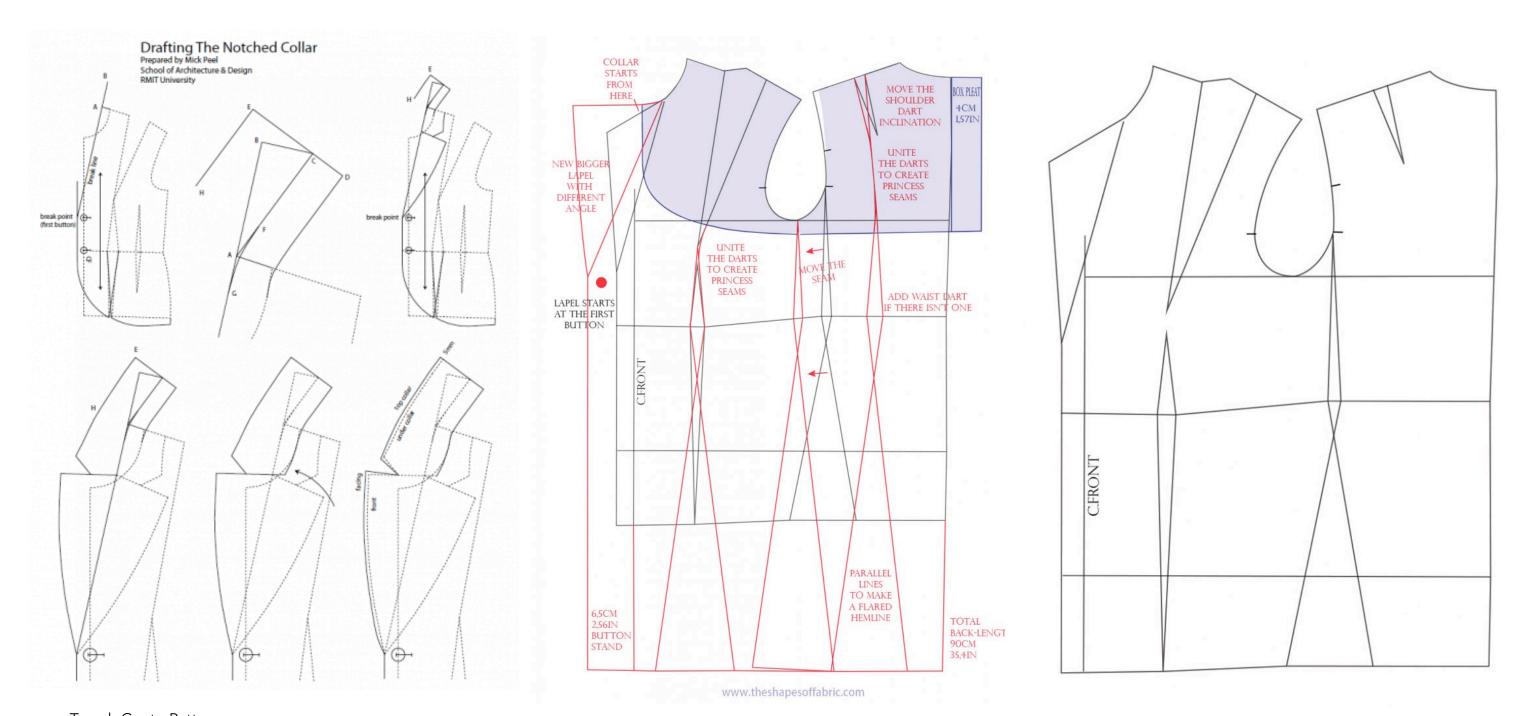
FASHIONING THE VOICE Mobile Pavilion



Trench Coat - Patterns



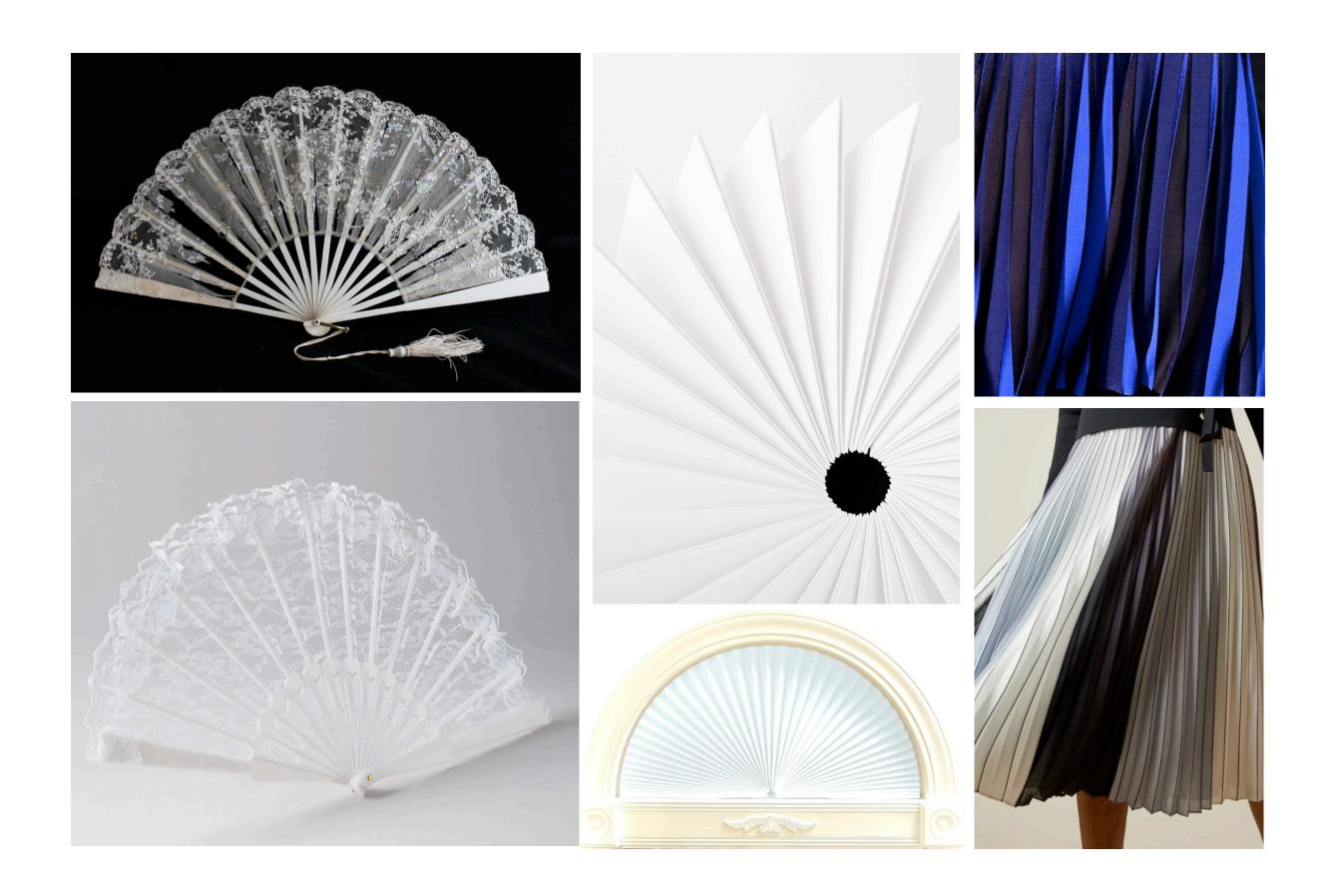




Issey Miyake - Sea shell

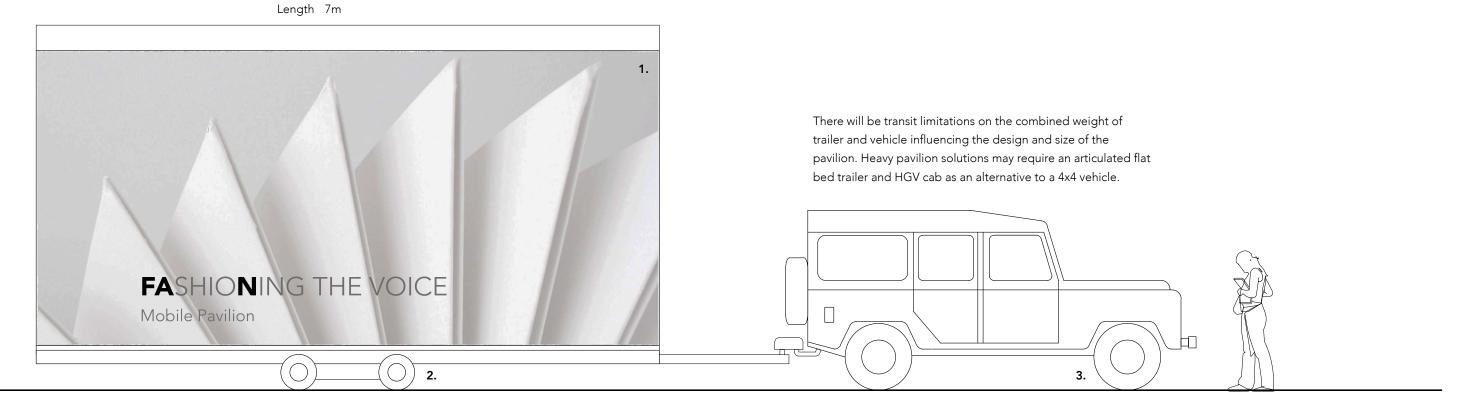
Yohji Yamamoto - Dress

Trench coat

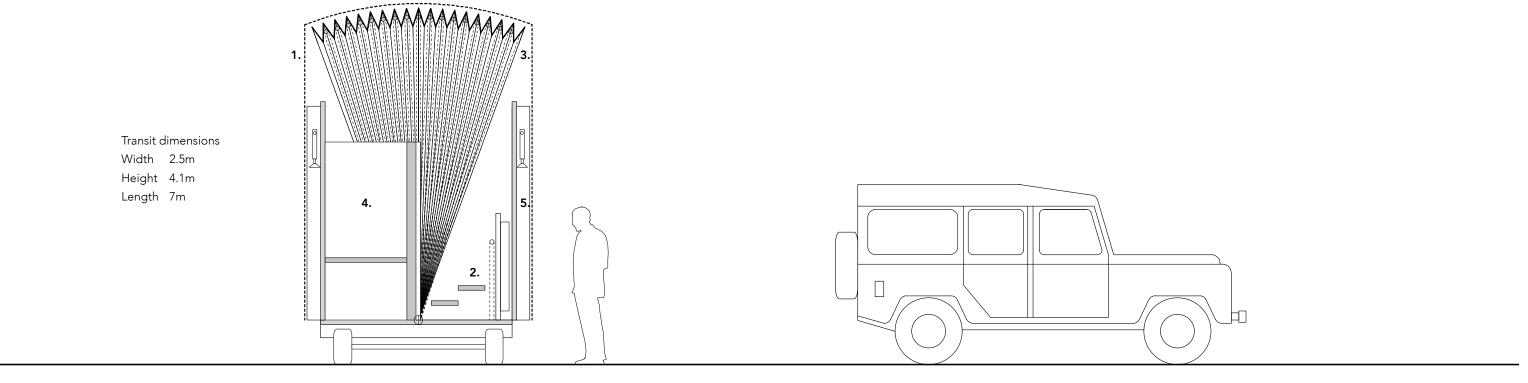




Width 2.5m Height 4.1m

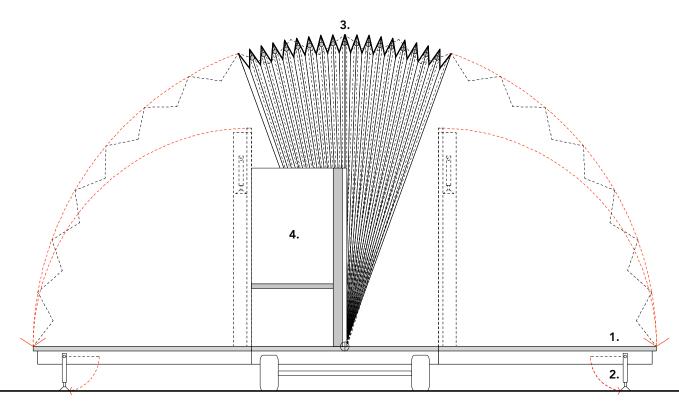


- 1. Transit cover
- 2. Flat bed trailer platform
- 3. 4X4 vehicle



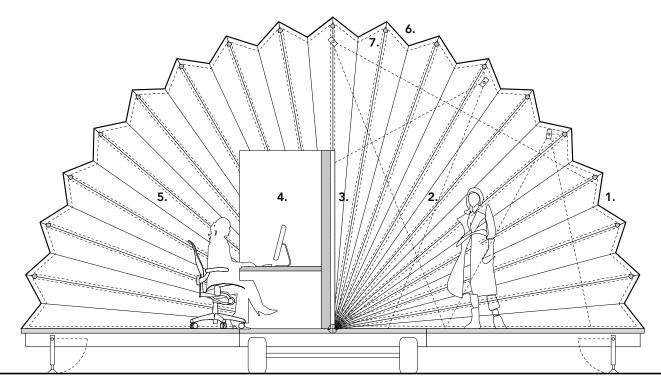
Cross section

- 1. Transit cover
- 2. Stored steps and ramp
- 3. Folded fan enclosure
- 4. Control unit
- 5. Retracted floor



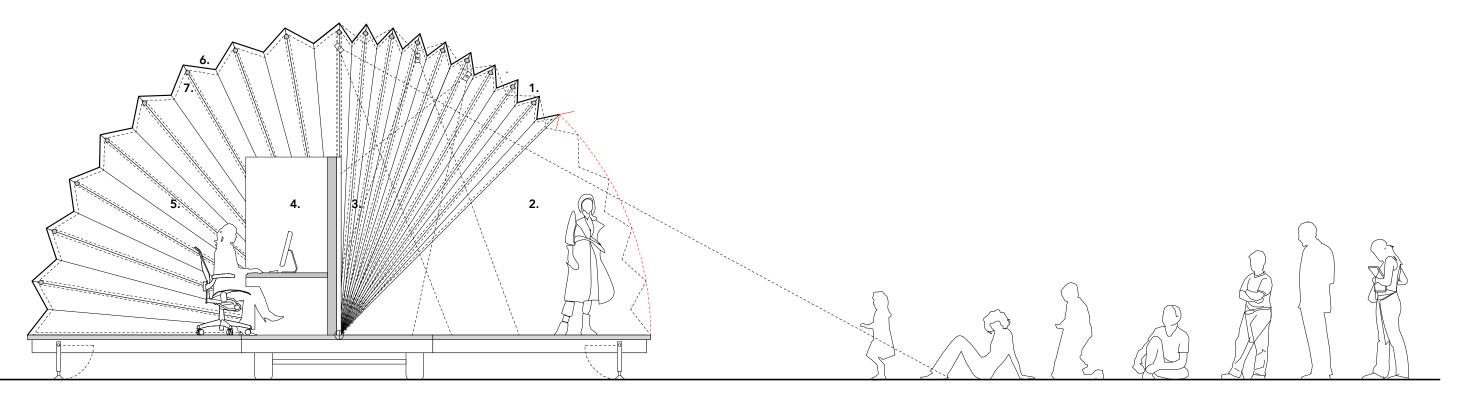
Cross section

- 1. Lowered floor section
- 2. Support leg
- 3. Folded fan enclosure
- 4. Control unit



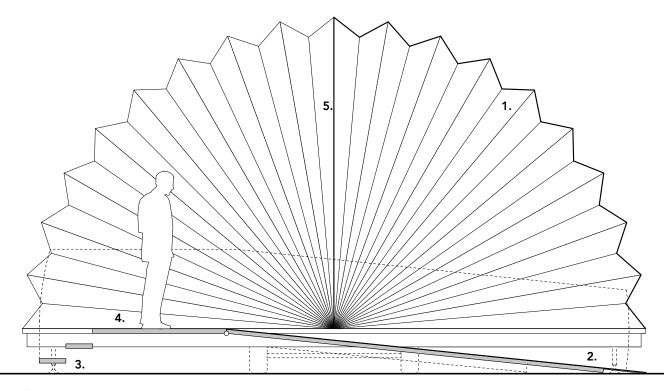
Cross section

- 1. Unfolded fan enclosure
- 2. Intimate dressing space
- 3. Mirror wall
- 4. Control unit
- 5. Technical support space
- 6. External waterproof fabric
- 7. Internal lining fabric (silk)



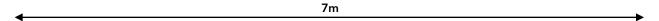
Cross section

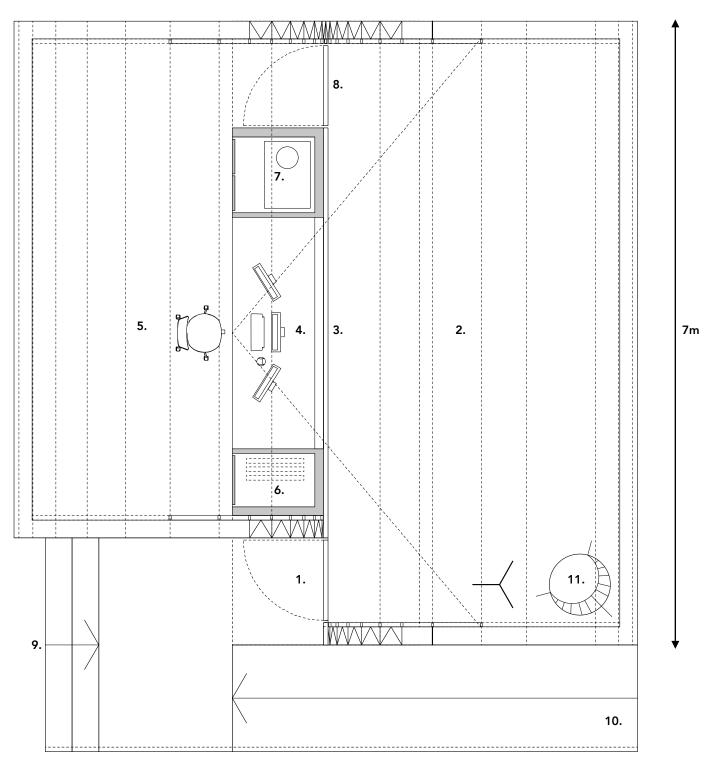
- 1. Lifted fan enclosure
- 2. Open (outer) dressing space catwalk
- 3. Mirror wall
- 4. Control unit
- 5. Technical support space
- 6. External waterproof fabric
- 7. Internal lining fabric (silk)



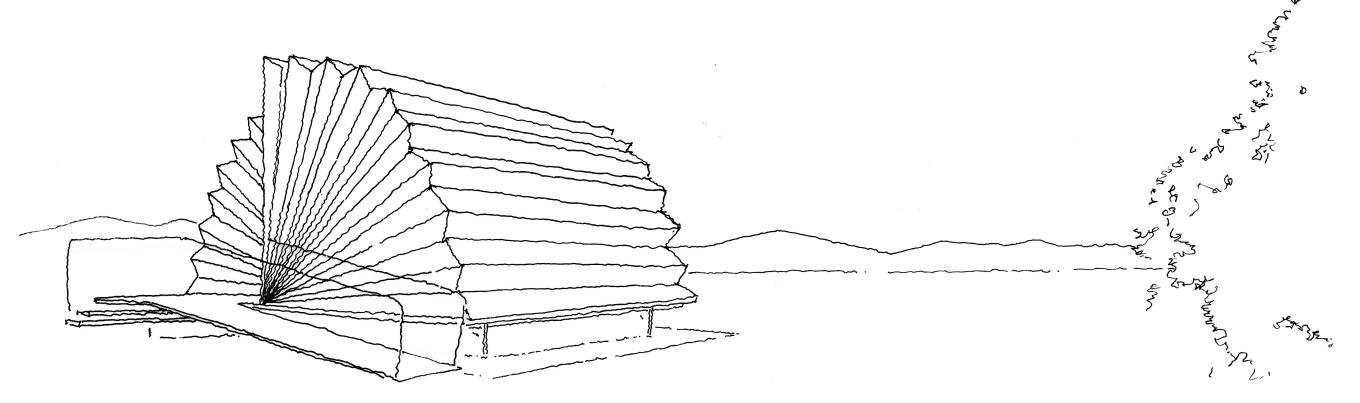
Elevation

- 1. Unfolded fan enclosure
- 2. Ramp access
- 3. Step access
- 4. Platform deck 500mm approx above ground
- 5. Entrance

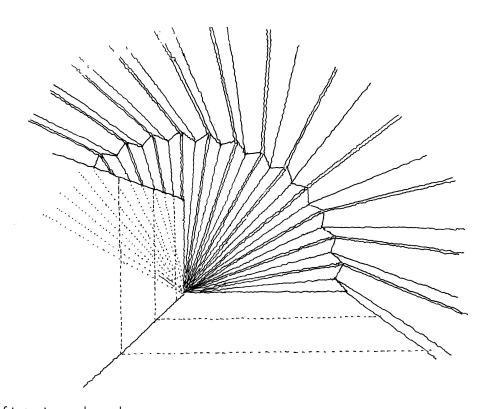




- 1. Entrance
- 2. Open (outer) dressing space Catwalk 7m x 3.5m
- 3. Mirror wall
- 4. Control unit
- 5. Technical support space (prop store)
- 6. Store
- 7. Plant
- 8. Door to technical area
- 9. Step access
- 10. Ramp access
- 11. Ottoman, armchair and coat stand



Sketch of exterior - closed



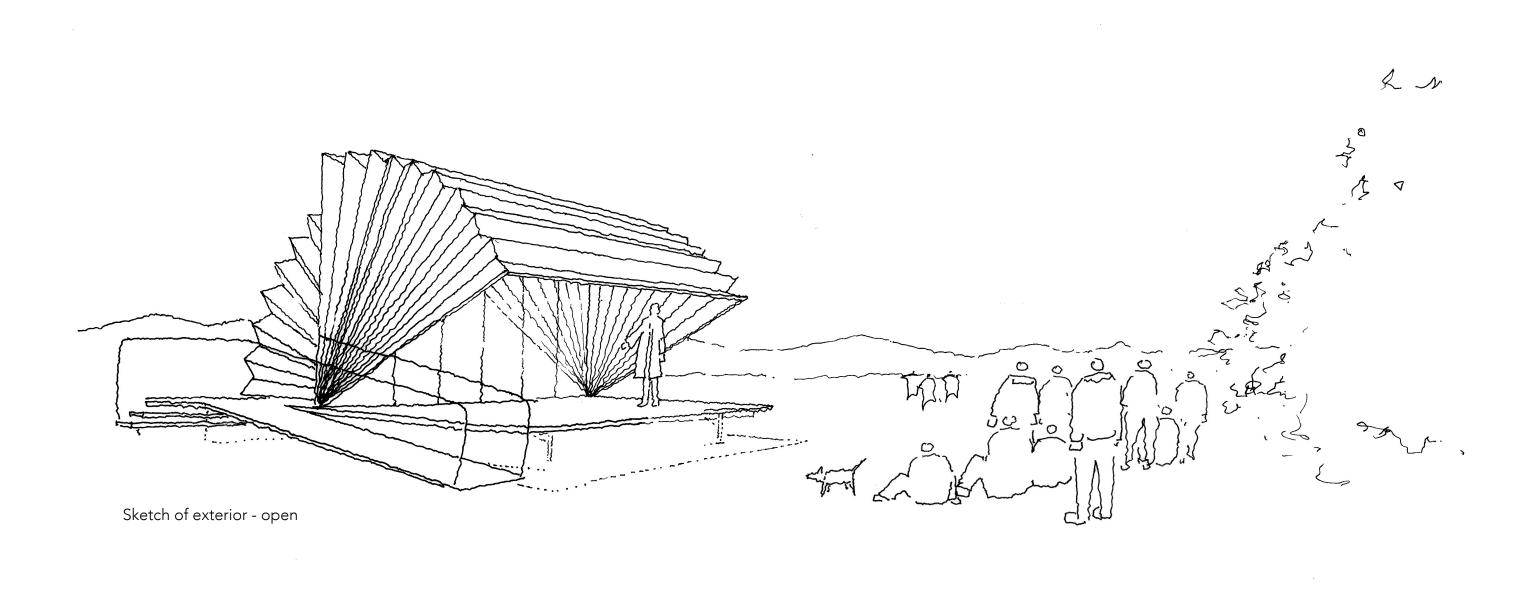
Sketch of interior - closed











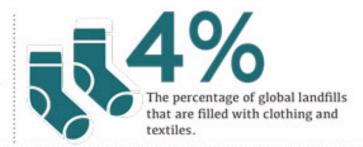
THE APPAREL INDUSTRY

By the Numbers



POUNDS

The amount of clothing that the average American discards each year, 85% of which ends up in landfills or incinerators.



700
GALLONS
The amount of water it takes to produce a single



2.6%

The percentage of global water

used for growing cotton.

99%

The estimated percentage of used

clothing that is recyclable.





A more responsible relationship with our clothes!

Mobile building projects

Mobile buildings and structures tend to generate a high carbon footprint due to fuel consumed during transit and any plant required to maintain a comfortable internal environment.

As they tend to be lightweight structures to reduce weight, it can be challenging to achieve a well insulated airtight fabric.

It is unlikely that we can achieve a sufficient quantum of photovoltaic panels to provide sufficient power for the project, so additional power generation will be required.

A responsible difference

With this project where we can make a responsible difference, is with the selection of materials and the ability to re-cycle the unit at the end of its life.

The fashion industry is being challenged to reduce the energy and resources it uses to make clothing, the environmental damage that leads from some production methods and the exploitation of low paid labour.

The industry is being encouraged to abandon the trend for throw away fashion that encourages the use of synthetic fabrics and plastics.

Changing behavior

This project could champion the sourcing of new materials and fabrics that can be sustainably sourced. It could also seek to ensure that all components can be recycled, repurposed or re-used at the end of the project.

Perhaps the project could be part of an endeavor to change behavior and attitudes, leading to a more responsible relationship with our clothes!