### MEETING OF STRANGERS

## THE FALL OF PUBLIC MAN

Imagine Paris in 1751.

The class system is in turmoil.

The city is flooded with people who are strangers to one another.

Theatre is the place where these strangers gather.

How to act in the theatre?

This is unclear, since the new codes of conduct of are just forming.

Imagine you are an audience of strangers.

Nobody here knows, what this will become.

But you will become it together.

Imagine London in 1851.

People have become individuals.

The public man of
earlier centuries is split in two:
into actors and spectators.

Look around.
You are the spectator,
an isolated male figure,
hoping to be aroused.

You choose to be passive, in order to feel more.

Things, that you cannot make happen to yourself, will happen to you here, in the theatre.

Art will touch you.

#### SHUT UP

### SEEN FACE

Imagine London in 1891.
The spectators of modern theatre have turned silent.

Show no longer your emotions,
Do not shout at the actors,
Do not interrupt the show with
your applause.
Keep everything inside you.

Your passive silence and restrained emotions are your way to withdraw from social responsibility, to liberate yourselves from others.

You, the spectator, are free.

Even if you do not perform,

even if you are here
 as a recipient,

you have become visible just by turning up.

Notice your face. It is seen.

With your face you have gained membership in this community.

# THE EMANGIPATED SPECTATOR

### AUDIENCE FUNCTION

Close your eyes for a moment.
Repeat to yourself:

Whatever I feel and think is part of this work.

My presence is needed here.

Then open your eyes.
Repeat the affirmation
in your mind.

Spectate.

- 1) The name of the author is necessary, but it doesn't matter whether they exist as bodies.
- 2) With audience it is the opposite: names don't matter, but the body is needed.

Embrace the insignificance of your person,

and

the significance of your corporeal presence.

### AFFECTIVE RESONANCE

### **CONDITIONED**

You don't really need to do anything.

It is enough to feel.

Try it out:

You are under the influence of this work.

It feels like something.

Every moment a bit different.

Notice how it makes you resonate. Your resonance is your role. Audience appears in proximity to an audience place.

Receptivity appears when there is a space, a time, a material set-up for it.

Audience is conditioned.

How about the conditions you experience now?

Are you able to receive?

Why (/not)?

### A LOADED GAZE

# THE IMPLIED AUDIENCE

Look at:

white people.

Every work of art, every research event contains implications of who will attend it.

Look at yourself and others here.

What does it tell about this work and event?

### THE NARCISSISTIC PARTICIPANT

### A GOOD HEART

When an art work directs your attention towards your own self

your feelings your behaviour your thoughts

it applies a capitalist logic.

Care only about what **YOU** get out of this.

The only thing that matters here is your experience.

A good heart is something that rarely comes up in the research context.

A good heart is something that rarely is demanded from audiences.

What kind of a heart is present here?

### A LOADED GAZE

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Look at:

the people who did not come here women.

to perform for you.

Look at:

#### SOURCE MATERIALS

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